

informing the food industry

Navigate the Science. Manage the Risk.

NZIFST Conference (4 Jul 2019)

Debbie Hawkes

Director, Allergen Bureau

(General Manager –Quality & Operations ANZ, Hawkins Watts)

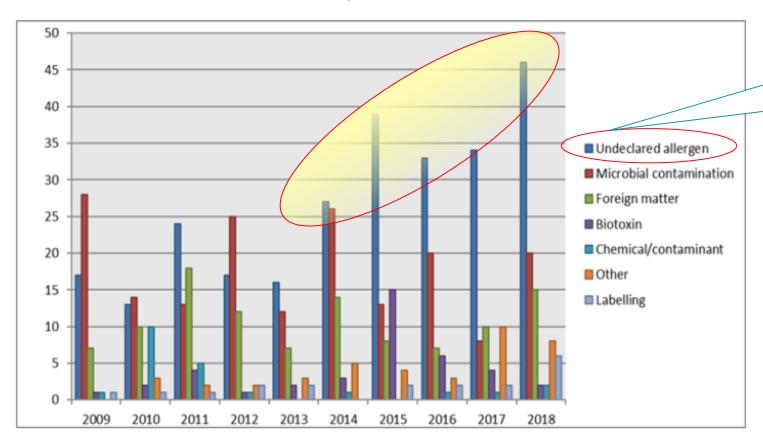


Overview

- FSANZ Allergen related recall stats...
- Who is the Allergen Bureau? Mission & Vision
- FAMS2019, VSEP & new Reference Doses
- Transition VITAL® 2.0 to VITAL® 3.0
- Allergen Risk Review Website
- Risk Review Anomalies
- Agricultural Cross Contact Working Group
- VITAL Standard Certification



FSANZ Allergen related Recall Stats



Undeclared Allergens are still the major cause of FSANZ recalls (46% in 2018)

FSANZ identified key causes for allergen related recalls:

- ✓ Packaging errors
- ✓ Supplier allergen verification
- ✓ Lack of skills/knowledge of labelling requirements
- ✓ Accidental cross contamination

Source: http://www.foodstandards.govt.nz/industry/foodrecalls/recallstats/Pages/default.aspx



Who is the Allergen Bureau?

- The Allergen Bureau is the peak industry body representing food industry allergen management in Australia and New Zealand
- The Allergen Bureau is a membership based organisation established to provide food industry with rapid responses to questions about allergen risk management in food ingredients and manufactured foods
- Established 2005, **pre-competitive**, 'not-for-profit', industry volunteer Board







































































The Allergen Bureau – Our Vision and Mission

Vision

 The Allergen Bureau is a globally recognised and supported industry organisation promoting best practice food industry allergen management, risk review and consistent labelling to facilitate informed consumer choice

Mission

- To facilitate a globally accepted, consistent, science-based approach to food allergen risk assessment, management and communication that:
 - > guides **industry** best practice
 - assists allergen sensitive consumers to make informed choices based on label information



Allergen Bureau Organisation

The Board of Directors

Kirsten Grinter (Nestlé Australia Ltd)
Caroline Gray (DuPont)
Debbie Hawkes (Hawkins Watts)
Jasmine Lacis-Lee (DTS Food Assurance)
David Henning (Invited Director)

Our support network
VITAL® Coordinator / Support
Technical expertise
VITAL Scientific Expert Panel (VSEP)

Georgina Christensen & Lisa Warren Simon Brooke-Taylor & Robin Sherlock

Funded Secretariat

Tom Lewis, Ray Murphy, Alice Doyle



Top ten countries visiting Allergen Bureau website

Australia (41%)

United States (7%)

New Zealand (7%)

United Kingdom (6%)

Germany (4%)

France (4%)

Netherlands (3%)

India (2%)

Spain (2%)

Italy (2%)

Non-bounce sessions July – December 2018



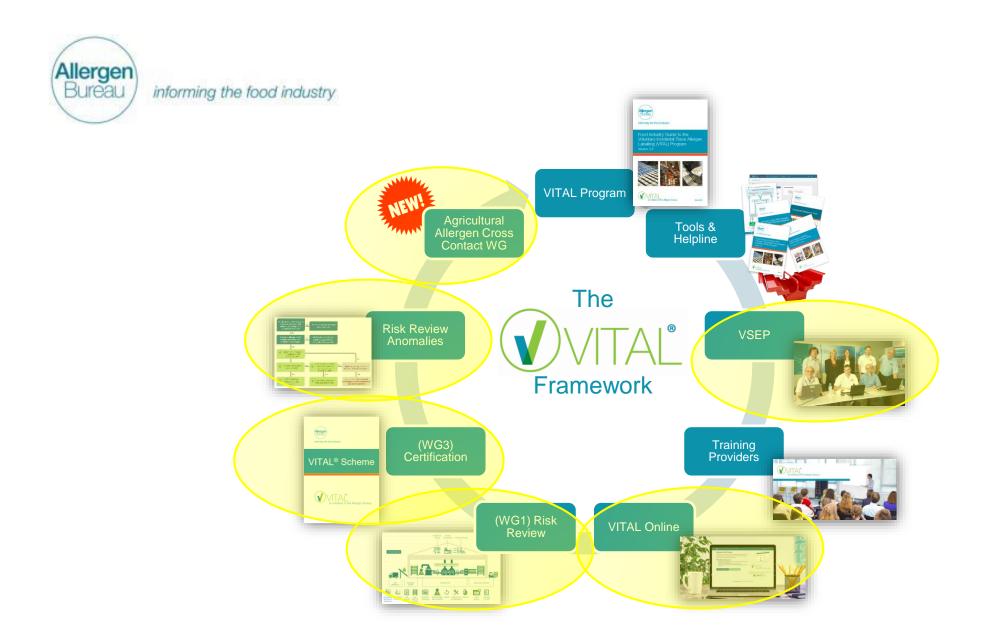




International Interest still growing

- Over 2500 registered organisations use the VITAL® Online
- VITAL Online website Top 10 Countries
 - ✓ Australia
 - ✓ Netherlands
 - ✓ New Zealand
 - ✓ Germany
 - ✓ United Kingdom
 - ✓ France
 - ✓ Belgium
 - ✓ Spain
 - ✓ United States
 - ✓ Italy





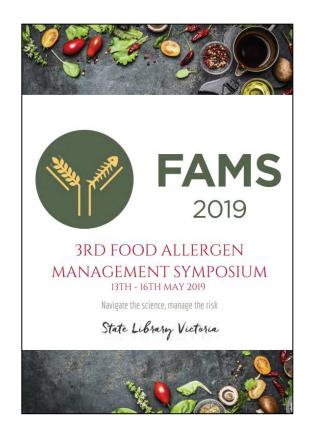


FAMS2019 3rd Food Allergen Management Symposium

Navigate the science, manage the risk

Key Speakers

- ✓ Professor Steve Taylor, Food Allergy Research & Resource Program, University of Nebraska, USA
- ✓ Joseph Baumert, Food Allergy Research & Resource Program, University of Nebraska, USA
- ✓ René Crevel, René Crevel Consulting Ltd
- ✓ Samuel Godefroy, Université Laval, Québec, Canada
- ✓ Jonathon Hourihane, University College Cork, Ireland
- ✓ Derek Castles, Food Standards Australia New Zealand
- ✓ Professor Clare Mills, The University of Manchester, UK
- ✓ Ben Remington, Netherlands Organisation for Applied Scientific Research
- ✓ Maria Said, Allergy & Anaphylaxis Australia, Australia
- ✓ Penny Jorgensen, Allergy New Zealand, NZ
- ✓ Sandra Vale, National Allergy Strategy, Australia



http://allergenbureau.net/resources/ conference-presentations/2019conference-presentations/





VSEP: More clinical data, better modelling => new Reference doses

Refer: Ben Remington - The Modelling Behind the Translation from Individual Thresholds to Population Threshold Dose Distribution at FAMS2019.

"Bayesian Stacked Parametric Survival with Frailty Components & Interval Censored Failure times".... Collaboration with Dr. Matthew Wheeler, National Institute Occupational Safety & Health, USA.

This project determines how individual thresholds from food allergic subjects can be grouped and analyzed statistically to determine the population threshold for a number of regulated Food allergens.

Based on objective Double blind, placebo-controlled food challenges, with description of NOEAL (No observed adverse effect level) and/or LOAEL (Lowest observed adverse effect level)

New stacked model averaging incorporates 5 different models (Weibull, Log Logistic, Log Double Exponential, General Pareto)

Better modelling accounts for study-to-study heterogeneity (different locations, clinicians etc)





VSEP Recommended Reference Doses (mg protein)

Allergen	No. of individuals	VITAL 2.0 Ref Dose (mg protein)	2019 VSEP Recommended Ref Dose (mg protein) = ED01	ED05 (mg protein)	Distribution
Egg	431	0.03	0.2	2.5	Discrete (0.23) and Cumulative (0.22)
Hazelnut	410	0.1	0.1	3.5	Discrete
Lupin	25	4.0	2.6	16.9	Cumulative
Milk	440	0.1	0.2	2.4	Discrete
Mustard	33	0.05	0.05	0.5	Cumulative
Peanut	1294	0.2	0.1	2.0	Discrete
Sesame	40	0.2	0.1	2.7	Discrete
Shrimp	75	10.0	25	280.3	Discrete
Soy (milk + flour)	87	1.0 (soy flour)	0.5	10.0	Discrete
Wheat	99	1.0	0.7	6.1	Discrete
Cashew	245		0.05	8.0	Discrete
Celery	82		0.05	1.3	Cumulative
Fish	82		1.3	15.7	Cumulative
Walnut	74		0.03	0.8	Discrete

ED = Eliciting Dose

ED01 = 1% of allergic consumers may have mild transitory reaction

ED05 = 5% of allergic consumers may have mild transitory reaction



The VSEP Recommendation Impacts for VITAL®

Considerations for Allergen Bureau

- ✓ Need to strike a balance between blanket labelling and not labelling effectively
- ✓ Increasing global interest in VITAL so we need to ensure acceptance, integrity and trust until consensus emerges

Methodology

Moved to Stacked Model Averaging which gives more robust science

Reference Dose based on ED01

1% of allergic consumers could have a mild reaction
This allows the majority of allergic consumers to eat a normal diet
More consistent approach across all reference doses
Some references doses will change and new reference doses added







Proposed VITAL® V3.0 Reference Doses, ED01 (mg protein)

Allergen	VITAL 2.0	VITAL 3.0			
Reference Dose - Increased					
Egg	0.03	0.2			
Milk	0.1	0.2			
Shrimp	10	25			
Fish	0.1	1.3			
Reference Dose - Lowered					
Lupin	4.0	2.6			
Peanut	0.2	0.1			
Soy (Milk & Flour)	1.0	0.5			
Wheat	1.0	0.7			
Sesame	0.2	0.1			
Reference Dose – No change					
Hazelnut	0.1	0.1			
Mustard	0.05	0.05			
Reference Dose – NEW					
Cashew (Pistachio)	No ref dose	0.05			
Celery	No ref dose	0.05			
Walnut (Pecan)	No ref dose	0.03			





Transition VITAL® 2.0 to VITAL® 3.0

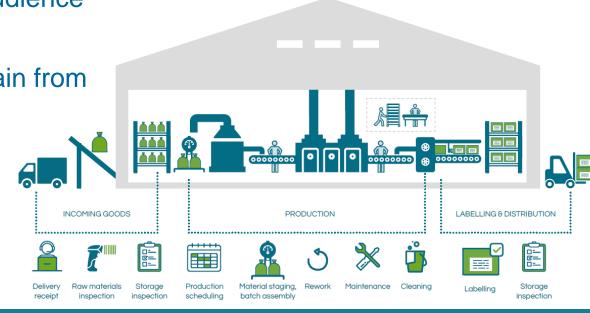
- VITAL Version 2.0 is the current version of the VITAL Online
- Assessments continue to be done in VITAL Online
- Work in progress to enhance Online program update functionality to assist with VITAL 3.0 transition
- Work in progress to update VITAL Training to include Risk Review website and VITAL 3.0.
- Reference Doses used in VITAL 2.0 will be changing to VITAL 3.0 in the coming months
- So VITAL Online users should review the new Reference Doses
 Ref: Kirsten Grinter's FAMS2019 presentation <u>VITAL 2.0 to 3.0 An industry approach to thresholds & ref. doses</u>
- Be aware of Reference Dose changes increases, decreases, or new in the change to VITAL 3.0
- Tree Nuts: Reference Doses have been provided for some individual tree nuts and further information will be provided as it becomes available
- It is important to emphasise that the process of doing an overall risk review and a VITAL risk assessment will not change. The basis of the VITAL Program continues to be good risk review and good manufacturing processes (GMP).





Allergen Risk Review Website

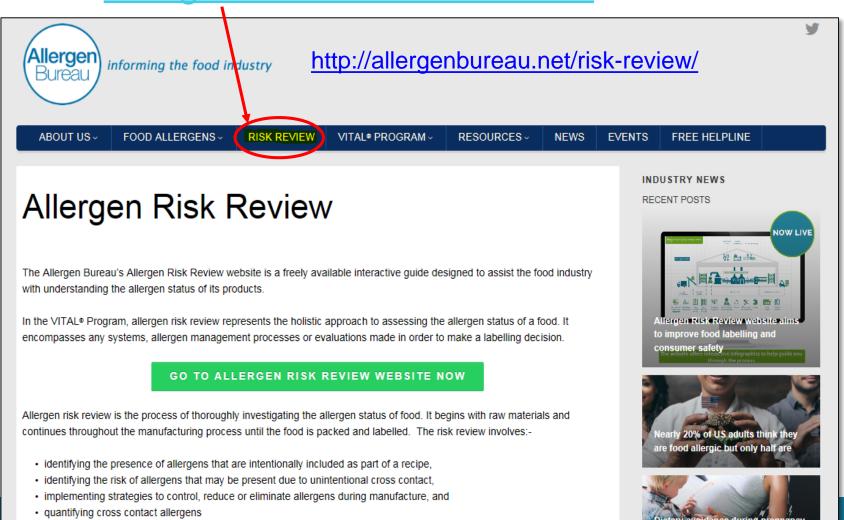
- ✓ Detailed guidance to investigate allergen status of a food.
- ✓ Interactive webpage accessible from the Allergen Bureau website to guide the user to do best practice Allergen Risk Review.
- ✓ Appropriate for a broad food industry audience (local, international, SME, corporations)
- ✓ Expandable to include entire supply chain from primary production to finished product
- ✓ Lots of detail, but easy to use and focus on specific areas of concern.
- ✓ We welcome your feedback!!







Allergen Risk Review website





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Inspec

Inspecting potential transport inspected contact th evidence.

Incoming are mixed shrink wra

Ensure th Case Stud transport

Proced

Case Study

A food manufacturer received a supply of powdered ingredient packed into 25kg multiwalled paper valve bags. However, upon receipt, it was discovered that the bags had been overfilled, causing the paper valve to be jammed open with powder. This resulted in some of the ingredient escaping from the bags during transport and settling on other surfaces inside the shipping container. The ingredient could potentially be an allergen cross contact hazard and therefore the manufacturer took the appropriate actions to isolate and reject the stock.





next step (→) step



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Risk Review Anomalies

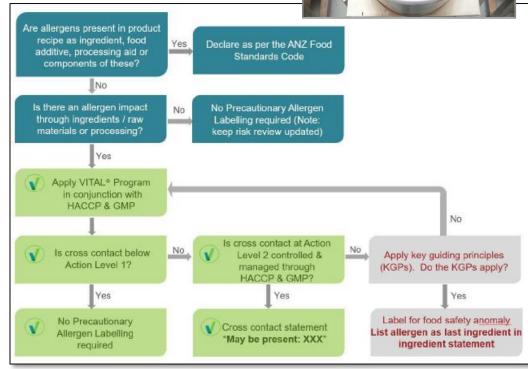
AB, Ai Group & AFGC - working together on Risk Review Anomalies

Anomaly = Allergens known to be present at significant levels but not formulated as an ingredient & inappropriate to label as "May be present XXX".

Occur where the process or environment cannot be altered or impacted through GMP.
e.g. Milk/Dairy in Dark Chocolate due to single conch

Collaborated with ANZ jurisdictions, Allergy NZ, and Allergy & Anaphylaxis Australia (A&AA).

Guiding principles & decision tree published to ensure appropriate labelling for the Food allergic consumer. https://tinyurl.com/Risk-Review-Anomaly



N.B. Declaring the allergen substance, ie milk, as the last ingredient in the ingredient list is not a substitute for appropriate risk review. Every attempt should be made to eliminate the allergen effectively.





Agricultural Cross Contact Working Group

- Food industry driven working group
 - > Intent is to identify and communicate the challenges in this area
 - Provide guidance on assessing the risk
 - Provide guidance to determine labelling outcomes
 - > Inform international suppliers
- Phase 1 and Phase 2
- Board approved April 2019





Agricultural Cross Contact Working Group

Phase 1 - Quick Wins for Industry

- 1. Update "Unexpected Allergens in Food" resource
- 2. Develop agricultural cross contact issue flow chart
- 3. Publish an informative paper
- 4. Guidance resource on ingredient allergen declarations from suppliers/growers
- 5. Sampling and testing guidance
- 6. Establish cross sectoral working relationship

Phase 2 - Overarching Guidance document

7. Agricultural allergen cross contact Food Industry Management Guide







VITAL® Standard - Certification

- VITAL Standard has been written in compliance with ISO 17065.
- Designed as an extra module for GFSI-recognised certified sites with HACCP based Allergen Management Programs.
- VITAL certification is product specific.
- Has been trialled by a few companies and Certification bodies to ensure it can be interpreted & applied consistently.
- Exploring resources to manage the VITAL Standard, including developing Industry & Auditor training, and providing required support and agreements for Certification bodies.
- VITAL Standard to be made publicly available soon.
 Application to JAS-ANZ for VITAL Standard accreditation to be determined based on industry need





Food Allergen Analysis – Website Addition

Includes valuable guidance on:

- Sampling Plans
- Test Kits and their uses
- Types of Laboratory Analysis
- How to choose the most appropriate method
- What you should be asking your laboratory providers



- · confirm VITAL® (Voluntary Incidental Trace Allergen Labelling Program) assumptions
- · verify final product status in high risk environments
- · monitor effect of critical changes

Allergen analysis has a place in finished product testing and verifying free from claims, but a single test result should not be considered in isolation and choosing the correct type of analysis and test can be complex. The analysis should be appropriate for the matrix and allergen and the method chosen should be robust, reliable, repeatable, sensitive and specific. As with all food testing methods, results are only representative of the samples tested and it is of critical importance to use an appropriate risk-based Sampling plan.

Sampling Plan

Quantitative assessment of cross contact allergens using analytical testing should consider the sporadic nature



Conclusion

- ✓ Allergen Bureau continues to respond to stakeholder needs
 - Working groups
 - Investment in development of resources to support allergen management & VITAL
 - Awards for best practice allergen management Congratulations to Woolworths NZ
- ✓ Collaborate with key stakeholders
 - National Allergy Strategy
 - Allergen Collaboration (FSANZ)
 - Allergy NZ, Allergy & Anaphylaxis Australia (A&AA)
 - <u>Australian Food & Grocery Council</u> –
 FIGAML (Food Industry Guide to Allergen Mgmt & Labelling)
 - <u>Food Technology Association of Australia</u> (SME Project)
 - FSANZ & Codex consultation pieces
- ✓ International Collaborations

















For further engagement & information

- Visit the Allergen Bureau website <u>www.allergenbureau.net</u>
- Join us & enjoy the benefits of the Allergen Bureau membership www.allergenbureau.net/about-us/join-us/
- Subscribe to our free monthly Allergen Bureau eNews <u>www.allergenbureau.net/news/</u>
- Access the free Allergen Bureau Helpline
 - ✓ email: info@allergenbureau.net
 - ✓ Phone: +61 437 918 959 (International)
- Secretariat (Dr Tom Lewis & Ray Murphy)
- VITAL® Coordinator (Georgina Christensen) & Support (Lisa Warren)

